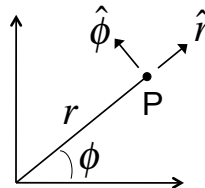


How was the tempo of our last class?

- A) Way too fast, I got lost (repeatedly)!
- B) Bit fast, but I (mostly) hung in
- C) Just about right for me
- D) A little slow, I think I could handle a bit more
- E) Way too slow, pick it up!

1

Summary of last class: Kinematics
Plane polar coordinates



$$\vec{r} = r \hat{r}$$

$$\vec{v} = d\vec{r} / dt$$

$$\vec{v} = (\dot{r})\hat{r} + r \dot{\phi}\hat{\phi}$$

$$\hat{r} = \cos\phi \hat{x} + \sin\phi \hat{y}$$

$$\hat{\phi} = -\sin\phi \hat{x} + \cos\phi \hat{y}$$

$$\vec{a} = (\ddot{r} - r\dot{\phi}^2)\hat{r} + (r\ddot{\phi} + 2\dot{r}\dot{\phi})\hat{\phi}$$

2

The position of a moving particle is given by

$$\mathbf{r}(t) = b \cos \omega t \hat{\mathbf{x}} + b \sin \omega t \hat{\mathbf{y}}$$

Describe this orbit:

- A) circular, uniform motion
- B) circular, non-uniform motion
- C) helical
- D) elliptical
- E) Other!!

Is it moving CW or CCW?

3

The position of a moving particle is given by

$$\mathbf{r}(t) = b \cos \omega t \hat{\mathbf{x}} + c \sin \omega t \hat{\mathbf{y}}$$

Describe this orbit:

- A) circular, uniform motion
- B) circular, non-uniform motion
- C) helical
- D) elliptical
- E) Other!!

4

In Phys 1110, angular acceleration was $\alpha = a_{\text{tangent}}/R$. Which term involves “ α ”?

$$F_r = m\ddot{r} - m\dot{\phi}^2$$

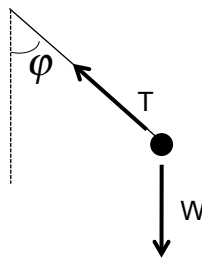
$$F_\phi = m\ddot{\phi} + 2m\dot{r}\dot{\phi}$$

E) None, or *more* than 1 of these!

5

What is T_ϕ ?

- A) T
- B) $T\cos\phi$
- C) $T\sin\phi$
- D) 0
- E) Something else (signs!)



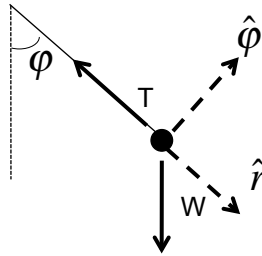
$$F_r = m\ddot{r} - m\dot{\phi}^2$$

$$F_\phi = m\ddot{\phi} + 2m\dot{r}\dot{\phi}$$

6

What is T_ϕ ?

- A) T
- B) $T \cos \phi$
- C) $T \sin \phi$
- D) 0
- E) Something else (signs!)



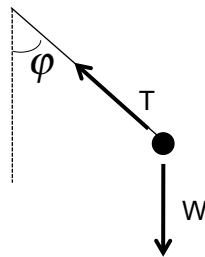
$$F_r = m\ddot{r} - m r \dot{\phi}^2$$

$$F_\phi = m r \ddot{\phi} + 2 m \dot{r} \dot{\phi}$$

7

What is W_ϕ ?

- A) mg
- B) $mg \cos \phi$
- C) $mg \sin \phi$
- D) 0
- E) Something else (signs!)



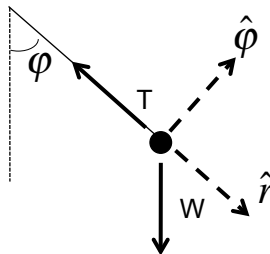
$$F_r = m\ddot{r} - m r \dot{\phi}^2$$

$$F_\phi = m r \ddot{\phi} + 2 m \dot{r} \dot{\phi}$$

8

What is W_ϕ ?

- A) mg
- B) $mg \cos\phi$
- C) $mg \sin\phi$
- D) 0
- E) Something else (signs!)



$$F_r = m\ddot{r} - mr\dot{\phi}^2$$

$$F_\phi = mr\ddot{\phi} + 2m\dot{r}\dot{\phi}$$

9
MMA

Classify this ODE:

$$y'' = \sin(x) y$$

- A) 1st order, nonlinear
- B) 1st order, linear
- C) 2nd order, nonlinear
- D) 2nd order, linear
- E) None of these

11

Classify this ODE:

$$y'' + x^2y + 1 = 0$$

- A) Linear (not Homogeneous)
- B) Homogeneous (not Linear)
- C) Linear and Homogeneous
- D) Nonlinear and Inhomogeneous

12

Classify this ODE:

$$y''(t) + ty(t) + 1 = 0$$

- A) Linear (not Homogeneous)
- B) Homogeneous (not Linear)
- C) Linear and Homogeneous
- D) Nonlinear and Inhomogeneous

13

Classify this ODE:

$$y''(t) = (t+1)y(t)$$

- A) Linear (not Homogeneous)
- B) Homogeneous (not Linear)
- C) Linear and Homogeneous
- D) Nonlinear and Inhomogeneous

14

Classify this ODE:

$$y' = \sin(y) + 1$$

- A) Linear (not Homogeneous)
- B) Homogeneous (not Linear)
- C) Linear and Homogeneous
- D) Nonlinear and Inhomogeneous

15

Is this ODE homogeneous?

$$y'' = (x+1)y$$

- A) Yes
- B) No
- C) ???

16

Consider the ODE: $dN/dt - kN = 0$
with $k > 0$ and $N(t=0) = N_0 > 0$.

How does $N(t)$ behave as $t \rightarrow \infty$?

- A) $N(t)$ decays to zero
- B) $N(t)$ approaches a constant value
- C) $N(t)$ stays constant the whole time
- D) $N(t)$ diverges (approaches ∞)
- E) Not enough info given!

17

Which of these ODEs are separable?

i) $y' = \frac{y^2}{t} - t$ ii) $y' = e^t \frac{y+1}{\sqrt{t}}$

iii) $y' = 3 - t$

- A) none
- B) i & ii
- C) ii & iii
- D) i & iii
- E) all

18

Classify this ODE:

$$\dot{v} = -g \left(1 - \frac{v^2}{v_{\text{terminal}}^2} \right)$$

- A) 1st order, nonlinear
- B) 1st order, linear
- C) 2nd order, nonlinear
- D) 2nd order, linear
- E) None of these

19