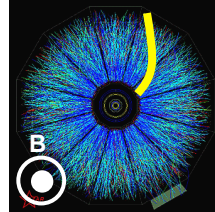


Here is an event display from a high energy physics experiment. (You are seeing millions of tracks of charged particles leaving the central region) There is a 1 Tesla uniform magnetic field coming *out of the page*. What sign is the electric charge for the highlighted (yellow) track?

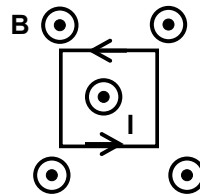
A: + B: -

$$\vec{F} = q\vec{v} \times \vec{B}$$



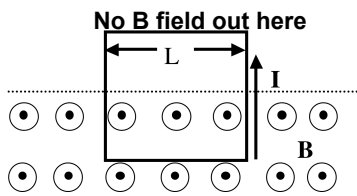
A square loop of wire carrying current I is in a uniform magnetic field B . The loop is perpendicular to B (B out of the page). What is the direction of the net force on the wire?

- A: out of the page
- B: into the page
- C: \uparrow
- D: \downarrow
- E: 0 (or, none of these)

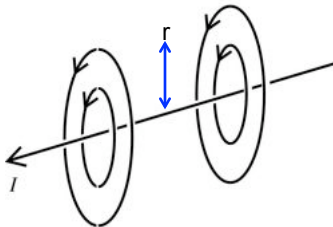


A square loop has a CCW current. It sits in a uniform B field (OUT of the page)
 Note: the B field is "cut off" partway up the current loop. What is the direction of $F(\text{net})$ on the whole loop?

- A) \odot
- B) \otimes
- C) \uparrow
- D) \downarrow
- E) other

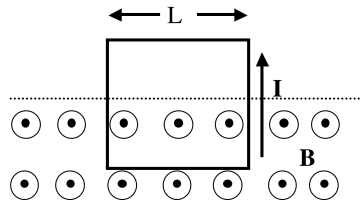


B-Field a distance r from a long wire:
 $B = \mu_0 I / 2\pi r$



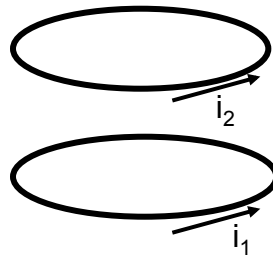
A square loop has a CCW current I , shown. It is placed in a uniform B field (OUT of the page) However, the B field is "cut off" halfway up the current loop. What is the magnitude of the net force on the loop?

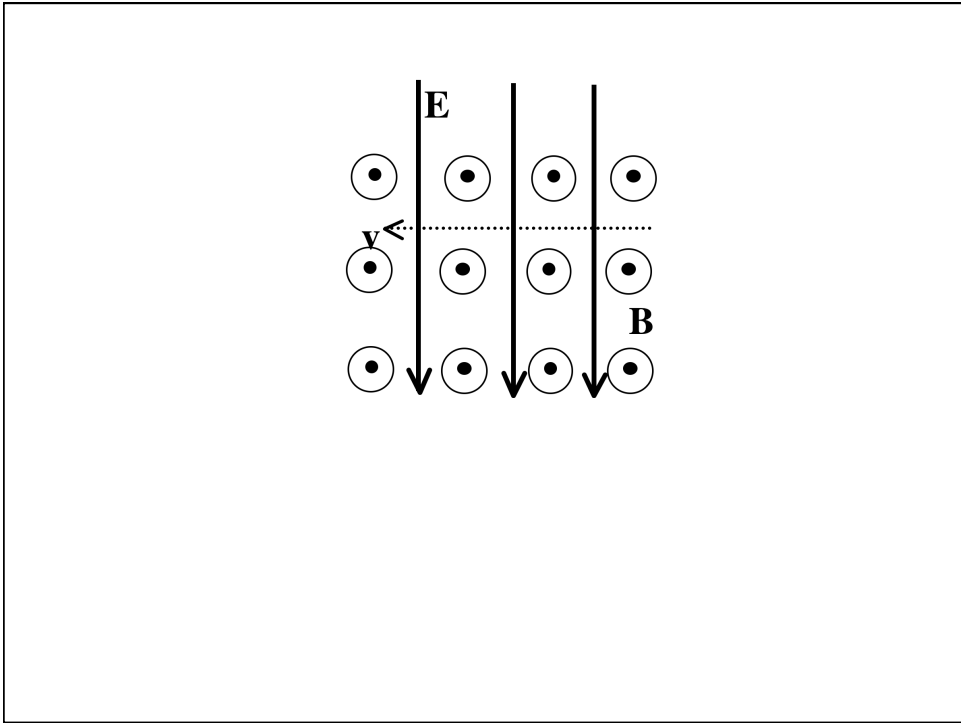
- A: iLB
- B: $2iLB$
- C: $4iLB$
- D: 0
- E: Other



Two loops of wire have current going around in the same direction. The forces between the loops is:

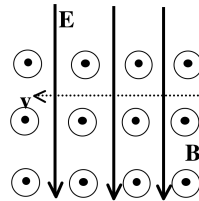
- A: Attractive
- B: Repulsive
- C: Net force is zero.





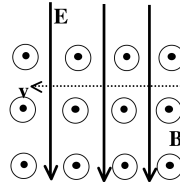
A particle with unknown (non-zero) charge q moves left with speed v . It enters a region with uniform electric field down and uniform magnetic field out of the page. It goes in a straight line. *The sign of q must be...*

- A: + B: - C: 0
 D: Could be anything



Suppose the particle in the last question is a proton. If the speed of the proton is increased, it will

- A: still undergo no deflection
- B: deflect out of the plane of the page
- C: stay in the plane of the page and deflect upward
- D: stay in the plane of the page and deflect downward
- E: None of these/not sure.



A rectangular loop of wire (with CW current i) is near a long straight wire carrying current I . What is the direction of the net force on the rectangular loop, due to the B-field from the long, straight wire?

