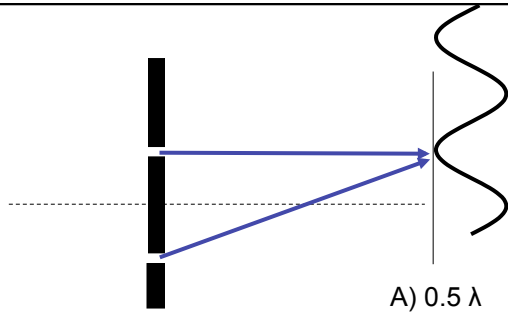
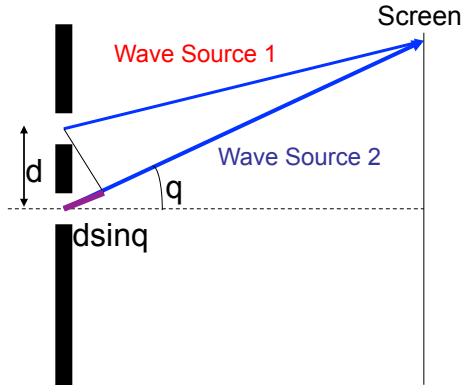


Two Slit Interference



What is the difference in these two path lengths?

- A) 0.5λ
- B) λ
- C) 1.5λ
- D) 2λ
- E) None of these

Red light and green light are both shining on the same double slit (or, grating).

Which pattern has the bright spots spread farther apart?

- A) Green light bright spots are farther apart
- B) Red light bright spots are farther apart.
- C) All bright spots are equally far apart

Violet light (wavelength λ) passes through 2 slits separated by d and forms a diffraction pattern on a screen. If the violet light is replaced with red light (2λ) the original spatial pattern on the screen is reproduced if the slit distance is changed to

- A) $d/2$ (and I am confident about this)
- B) $d/2$ (but I am not very confident about this)
- C) $2d$ (and I am confident about this)
- D) $2d$ (but I am not very confident about this)
- E) Something else (!!)

Consider a diffraction pattern produced by a LASER through 2 slits separated by distance d . Now " d " is increased a little. To maintain the same pattern on the screen...

- A) The wavelength of light should be increased.
- B) The wavelength should be decreased.
- C) The pattern did not change when d changed, so do nothing.
- D) Something else/none of these

Two speakers put out the same pure steady tone, but one is wired backwards, so it is 180° out of phase with the other.

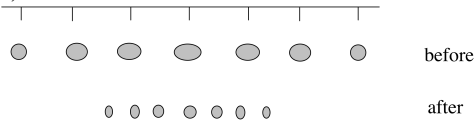
What does the listener at point P hear?



- A) Pure steady tone, like a single speaker alone
- B) Pure steady tone, doubly loud
- C) Near silence
- D) Beats ("louder and softer" over and over)

A double slit exp't is changed so that the pattern *covers a smaller portion on the screen*. What could account for the smaller pattern?

A) Screen was moved further from the slits.
 B) λ of the laser light was decreased
 C) The slit spacing was reduced.
 D) The laser was moved closer to the slits
 E) More than one of these.



A laser shines on two narrow slits, producing:



What is the pattern if the *left slit* is covered up?

- A)  Same (but dimmer)
- B)  Left side goes dark
- C)  Every other max disappears
- D)  "fades away" from center
- E) ??? Something else...

Laser light, wavelength λ , illuminates a mask with a 2 slits. You see exactly 3 bright spots (a central one, +1 on each side). What can you conclude about the slit spacing d ?

- A) $d > \lambda$ and I (and/or my group) are confident
- B) $d > \lambda$ (not so confident!)
- C) $d < \lambda$ and I (and/or my group) are confident !
- D) $d < \lambda$ (not so confident!)