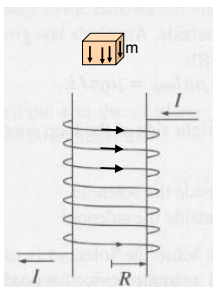


6.7
a A small chunk of material (the "tan cube") is placed above a solenoid. It magnetizes, weakly, as shown by small arrows inside. What kind of material must the cube be?



- A) Dielectric
- B) Conductor
- C) Diamagnetic
- D) Paramagnetic
- E) Ferromagnetic

6.7
b Predict the results of the following experiment: a paramagnetic bar and a diamagnetic bar are pushed inside of a solenoid.

- a) The paramagnet is pushed out, the diamagnet is sucked in
- b) The diamagnet is pushed out, the paramagnet is sucked in
- c) Both are sucked in, but with different force
- d) Both are pushed out, but with different force

ERK6.1
Which type of magnetic material has the following properties:

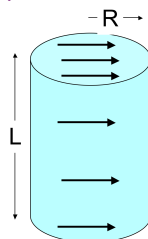
- 1) The atoms of the material have an odd number of electrons
- 2) The induced atomic magnetic dipoles align in the same direction as an applied magnetic field
- 3) Thermal energy tends to randomize the induced dipoles

- A. Ferromagnetic
- B. Diamagnetic
- C. Paramagnetic

6.4

A solid cylinder has uniform magnetization \mathbf{M} throughout the volume in the x direction as shown. What's the magnitude of the total magnetic dipole moment of the cylinder?

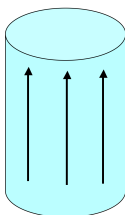
- A) $\pi R^2 L M$
- B) $2\pi R L M$
- C) $2\pi R M$
- D) $\pi R^2 M$
- E) Something else/
it's complicated!



6.3

A solid cylinder has uniform magnetization \mathbf{M} throughout the volume in the z direction as shown. Where do bound currents show up?

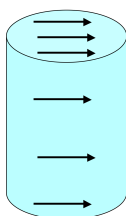
- A) Everywhere: throughout the volume and on all surfaces
- B) Volume only, not surface
- C) Top/bottom surface only
- D) Side (rounded) surface only
- E) All surfaces, but not volume



6.5

A solid cylinder has uniform magnetization \mathbf{M} throughout the volume in the x direction as shown. Where do bound currents show up?

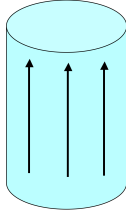
- A) Top/bottom surface only
- B) Side (rounded) surface only
- C) Everywhere
- D) Top/bottom, and parts of
(but not all of) side surface
(but not in the volume)
- E) Something different/other
combination!



To discuss:

A solid cylinder has uniform magnetization \mathbf{M} throughout the volume in the z direction as shown. What will the \mathbf{B} field look like?

(Consider if the cylinder is tall and thin, or short and fat, separately)



6.21

A solid cylinder has uniform magnetization \mathbf{M} throughout the volume in the ϕ direction as shown. In which direction does the bound surface current flow on the (curved) sides?

- A. There is no bound surface current.
- B. The current flows in the $\pm\phi$ direction.
- C. The current flows in the $\pm s$ direction.
- D. The current flows in the $\pm z$ direction.
- E. The direction is more complicated than the answers B, C, or D.

